

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: KODAK Fixer

Product code: 1971746

Supplier: EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY, 343 State Street, Rochester, New York 14650

For Emergency Health, Safety & Environmental Information, call (585) 722-5151 (USA)

For further information about this product, call (800) 242-2424.

Synonyms: PCD 6010

Product Use: photographic processing chemical (fixer), For consumer and industrial use.

2. Hazards identification

CONTAINS: Sodium thiosulphate (7772-98-7), Ammonium alum, dodecahydrate (7784-26-1), Sodium metabisulphite (7681-57-4), Boric anhydride (1303-86-2), Sodium tetraborate (1330-43-4)

WARNING! REDUCING AGENT POWDERED MATERIAL MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE DUST-AIR MIXTURES MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN, OR SWALLOWED DUST IRRITATING TO THE EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT CAUSES SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION

HMIS III Hazard Ratings: Health - 2, Flammability - 1, Physical Hazard - 0

NFPA Hazard Ratings: Health - 3, Flammability - 1, Instability - 0

NOTE: HMIS III and NFPA 704 (2007) hazard indexes involve data review and interpretation that may vary among companies. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the potential hazards. To adequately address safe handling, ALL information in this MSDS must be considered.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Weight percent	Components - (CAS-No.)
70 - 75	Sodium thiosulphate (7772-98-7)
10 - 15	Ammonium alum, dodecahydrate (7784-26-1)
5 - 10	Sodium metabisulphite (7681-57-4)
1 - 5	Boric anhydride (1303-86-2)

4. First aid measures



Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes.

Ingestion: If swallowed, only induce vomiting as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical. Flush with plenty of water.

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides, (see also Hazardous Decomposition Products sections.)

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Reducing agent. Reacts violently with oxidizing materials. Accumulations of powdered material may self-heat upon exposure to air. Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

6. Accidental release measures

Shovel into suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

For Large Spills: Flush with plenty of water.

7. Handling and storage

Personal precautions: Do not breathe dust at concentrations greater than the exposure limits. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Prevention of Fire and Explosion: Keep from contact with oxidizing materials, highly oxygenated or halogenated solvents, organic compounds containing reducible functional groups. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly. Dust may form explosive mixture in air. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. Refer to NFPA 654, "Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids."

Storage: Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from incompatible substances (see Incompatibility section.)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Occupational exposure controls					
Chemical Name	Regulatory List	Value Type	Value		
Sodium metabisulphite	ACGIH	time weighted average	5 mg/m3		
Boric anhydride		time weighted average	10 mg/m3		
	OSHA	time weighted average	15 mg/m3		
			Form of exposure: total dust		
Sulphur dioxide	ACGIH	Short term exposure limit	0.25 ppm		
	OSHA	time weighted average	5 ppm 13 mg/m3		

Ventilation: Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation should be sufficient so that applicable occupational exposure limits are not exceeded. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory protection may be needed in special circumstances.

Respiratory protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: N95 Particulate Filter. A respirator should be worn if hazardous decomposition products are likely to be or have been released. Respirator type: acid gas If respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with applicable federal, state, commonwealth, provincial, or local laws and regulations.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical form: solid (powder)

Colour: white

Odour: odourless

Specific gravity: no data available

Vapour pressure: negligible

Vapour density: not applicable

Melting point/range: no data available

Water solubility: appreciable

pH: not applicable

Flash point: not applicable

10. Stability and reactivity



Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, halogenated materials, Strong bases, sodium hypochlorite (bleach). Contact with base liberates flammable material. Contact with base liberates ammonia. Contact with strong acids liberates sulphur dioxide. Contact with sodium hypochlorite (bleach) may form chloramine (toxic gas).

Hazardous decomposition products: Sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx), Ammonia, chloramine

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Effects of Exposure

General advice:

Contains: Sodium thiosulphate. The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully investigated and its handling and use may present additional hazards. Expected to be a low health hazard for recommended handling.

Contains: Sodium metabisulphite. In contact with strong acids or if heated, sulphites may liberate sulphur dioxide gas. Sulphur dioxide gas is irritating to the respiratory tract. Some asthmatics or hypersensitive individuals may experience difficult breathing.

Contains: Boric anhydride. Toxicity evaluation of this chemical is based, in part, on a structurally similar chemical. Based on repeated-dose ingestion studies in animals, may cause adverse reproductive and developmental effects. However, high doses to humans handling this material are not expected since oral consumption is not a likely route of significant exposure.

Contains: Sodium tetraborate. Based on repeated-dose ingestion studies in animals, may cause adverse reproductive and developmental effects. However, the doses administered were many times those to which humans would normally be exposed.

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. Airborne dust irritating. In contact with strong acids or if heated, sulphites may liberate sulphur dioxide gas. Sulphur dioxide gas is irritating to the respiratory tract. Some asthmatics or hypersensitive individuals may experience difficult breathing.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation. Airborne dust irritating.

Skin: Causes skin irritation. May be absorbed in toxic amounts through damaged or abraded skin. This material has a low potential to cause allergic skin reactions; however, cases of human skin sensitization have been reported.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. Some asthmatics or sulfite-sensitive individuals may experience wheezing, chest tightness, stomach upset, hives, faintness, weakness and diarrhea.

Acute Toxicity Data:

Oral LD50 (rat): 2.1 - 5.5 mL/kg

• Dermal LD50: > 20 mL/kg



• Skin Sensitization: low potential

12. Ecological information

The following properties are ESTIMATED from the components of the preparations.

Potential Toxicity:

Toxicity to fish (LC50): > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia (EC50):

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable.

13. Disposal considerations

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to federal, state, commonwealth, provincial, or local laws. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

Daphnia: > 100 mg/l

14. Transport information

Not regulated for all modes of transportation.

For more transportation information, go to: www.kodak.com/go/ship.

15.	Regulator	y information

Notification status

Regulatory List	Notification status
TSCA	Not all listed
DSL	All listed
NDSL	None listed
EINECS	Not all listed
ELINCS	None listed
NLP	None listed
AICS	All listed
IECS	All listed
ENCS	All listed
ECI	Not all listed
NZIoC	All listed
PICCS	All listed

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"Not all listed" indicates one or more component is either not on the public Inventory or is subject to exemption requirements. If additional information is needed contact Kodak.

Other regulations

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.
No components of this product are subject to the SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 302.4) reporting requirements.
No components of this product are subject to the SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355) reporting requirements.
No components of this product are subject to the SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) reporting requirements.
Ammonium alum, dodecahydrate, Sodium metabisulphite, Boric anhydride
No components found on the California Specifically Regulated Carcinogens List.
No components found on the California Section 5203 Carcinogens List.

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U.S California - 8 CCR Section 5209 Carcinogens:	No components found on the California Section 5209 Carcinogens List.
U.S Massachusetts - General Law Chapter 111F (MGL c 111F) - Hazardous Substances Disclosure by Employers (a.k.a. Right to Know Law):	Sodium metabisulphite, Boric anhydride
U.S Minnesota Employee Right-to-Know (5206.0400, Subpart 5. List of Hazardous Substances):	Ammonium alum, dodecahydrate, Sodium metabisulphite, Boric anhydride
U.S New Jersey - Worker and Community Right to Know Act (N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1):	Sodium metabisulphite, Boric anhydride
U.S Pennsylvania - Part XIII. Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (Chapter 323 Hazardous Substance List, Appendix A):	Sodium thiosulphate, Ammonium alum, dodecahydrate, Sodium acetate, Sodium metabisulphite, Boric anhydride

16. Other information

The data below reflects current legislative requirements whereas the product in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of manufacture.

US/Canadian Label Statements:

KODAK Fixer

CONTAINS: Sodium thiosulphate (7772-98-7), Ammonium alum, dodecahydrate (7784-26-1), Sodium metabisulphite (7681-57-4), Boric anhydride (1303-86-2), Sodium tetraborate (1330-43-4). WARNING! REDUCING AGENT. POWDERED MATERIAL MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE DUST-AIR MIXTURES. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN, OR SWALLOWED. DUST IRRITATING TO THE EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAUSES SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep from contact with clothing and other materials. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly. Store in original tightly closed container. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. FIRST AID: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. If swallowed, only induce vomiting as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle or use until safety precautions in Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) have been read and understood. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. IN CASE OF FIRE: Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Flush with plenty of water. IN CASE OF SPILL: Shovel into suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For Large Spills: Flush with plenty of water. Additional Components Include: Sodium acetate (127-09-3).

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent

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determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. The information relating to the working solution is for guidance purposes only, and is based on correct mixing and use of the product according to instructions.

R-2, S-2, F-1, C-1