

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name DISC BRAKE QUIET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name CRC INDUSTRIES (AUST) PTY LIMITED

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Synonym(s) 05015 - PRODUCT CODE • 05016 - PRODUCT CODE • 05115 - PRODUCT CODE • 05116 - PRODUCT CODE •

75016 - PRODUCT CODE

Use(s) AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY • BRAKE CLEANER

SDS Date 01 Apr 2010

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO ASCC CRITERIA

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No.None AllocatedDG ClassNone AllocatedSubsidiary Risk(s)None AllocatedPacking GroupNone AllocatedHazchem CodeNone AllocatedEPGNone Allocated

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	C2-H6-O2	107-21-1	<10%
ALKYL POLYMER	Not Available	Not Available	55-65%
WATER	H2O	7732-18-5	38-48%
PIGMENT(S)	Not Available	Not Available	<10%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue

flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed,

do not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically



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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind Fire and **Explosion** and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing

Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

Extinguishing Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

Hazchem Code None Allocated

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage

Contact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbant material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Prevent spill entering drains or waterways.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, heat or ignition sources and Storage

foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems.

Handling Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin

contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating,

drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Stds

In avadiant	Defenses	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Reference	ppm m	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3
Ethylene glycol (vapour)	ASCC (AUS)	20	52	40	104

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering **Controls**

PPE

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is

recommended.

Wear splash-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear: coveralls. At high vapour levels, wear: a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If spraying, wear: a

Type A-Class P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	RED PASTE	Solubility (Water)	SOLUBLE
Odour	ACRYLIC ODOUR	Specific Gravity	1.0487
pН	NOT AVAILABLE	% Volatiles	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Pressure	NOT AVAILABLE	Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Vapour Density	NOT AVAILABLE	Flash Point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT RELEVANT
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT RELEVANT
Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE		



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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to Avoid Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites) and acids (eg. nitric acid).

Decomposition May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary

Low toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Chronic exposure to some glycols may result in liver and kidney damage. However, due to the low levels present and low vapour pressure,

adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use.

Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. Eye

Inhalation Low irritant. Over exposure to vapours may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level

exposure may result in dizziness, nausea and headache. Due to the low vapour pressure, an inhalation hazard is

not anticipated with normal use.

Skin Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation and rash.

Ingestion Low toxicity. Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache and diarrhoea.

Toxicity Data ETHYLENE GLYCOL (107-21-1)

LC50 (Inhalation): 10 876 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Ingestion): 1650 mg/kg (cat) LD50 (Skin): 9530 ug/kg (rabbit) LDLo (Ingestion): 398 mg/kg (human)

TCLo (Inhalation): 10,000 mg/m3 (human - cough) TDLo (Ingestion): 5500 mg/kg (child - anaesthesia)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment

ATMOSPHERE: Vapour phase glycols are expected to degrade fairly rapidly by reaction with hydroxyl radicals (eg half-life 32 hours for propylene glycol). Removal from air by rainfall is possible. WATER: Should degrade relatively rapidly via biodegradation. SOIL: If released to soil, relatively rapid biodegradation should also occur. Leaching to groundwater may occur.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

For small amounts absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional information if larger amounts are involved. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name None Allocated

UN No. None Allocated **DG Class** None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated **Packing Group** None Allocated **Hazchem Code** None Allocated **EPG** None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform

Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

ACRYLIC - WATER BASED COMPOUNDS: It should be noted that most water based paints and acrylic or thermoplastic resins may contain small percentage of solvents, usually less than 5%. The solvent is used as a dispersion agent for the resin of choice. This solvent component may present potential respiratory hazards only in poorly ventilated areas or when sprayed. Those individuals with existing skin disorders should avoid direct contact.



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RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ADB - Air-Dry Basis.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s)

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EINECS - European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

NTP - National Toxicology Program.

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Report Status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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