

# **RECORD** ALUM HARDENING

## **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

1.

3.

Product Name ...... Record Alum Hardening Converter

 Catalog Number
 N/A

 Chemical Name
 Mixture

 Common Name
 N/A

Product Use . . . . . . . . . . . . Hardener for photographic film and

prints.

### **MANUFACTURER**

Sprint Systems of Photography, Inc. 1057 Chopmist Hill Road Scituate, RI 02857

800 356-5073

### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

ChemTel (1-800-255-3924)

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	EXPOSURE CONTROLS	
		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Aluminum sulfate	10043-01-3	N/E	2 mg/m³ (soluble aluminum
Acetic acid	64-19-7	10 ppm	10 ppm (TWA) - 15 ppm (STEL)
Water	7732-18-5	N/A	N/A

See Section 15 for OSHA Regulatory Status

### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Clear solution with a slight sulfur dioxide odor.

Danger! Causes permanent eye damage. Breathing vapors or mist may cause irritate the respiratory tract or cause

asthma-like symptoms. May be harmful if swallowed.

In case of fire use foam, carbon dioxide, ( $\mathrm{CO}_2$ ), or dry chemical.

## **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

### PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY

Inhalation (breathing), skin and eye contact.

## SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Skin Contact: May cause mild irritation.

**Eye Contact**: Causes permanent eye damage When prepared for use, causes irritation.

**Inhalation**: May cause respiratory tract irritation, seen as soreness in throat, nose, and respiratory tract. Breathing vapors or mist may cause asthma-like symptoms.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

## MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

No information found.

## REPORTED AS CARCINOGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN

- ✓ Not Applicable
- \_ OSHA Suspect Carcinogen
- \_ National Toxicology Program (NTP)
- \_ International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Skin contact**: Wash affected areas with plenty of running water, and soap if available, for several minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Eye contact**: Immediately rinse eyes with water. Remove any contact lenses, and continue flushing eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of

the entire surface of the eyes and lids with water. Get immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove from area to fresh air. If not breathing, clear airway and start mouth-to-mouth artificial respiration or use a bag-mask respirator. Get immediate medical attention. If victim is having trouble breathing, transport to medical care

and, if available, give supplemental oxygen.

Ingestion: Give 3-4 glasses of water, but DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, give fluids again. Get medical attention to determine whether vomiting or evacuation of stomach is necessary. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES** 5.

Flash Point and Method . . . . . >200 °F (closed cup)

### **GENERAL HAZARD**

None known.

### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

In case of fire use foam, carbon dioxide, (CO<sub>2</sub>), or dry chemical.

### SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

None known.

## FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT

As in any fire, wear NIOSH approved, positive-pressure selfcontained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

## **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Wear appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8). Do not get, in eyes. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Absorb in

vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Small spills may be flushed into sewers with plenty of water.

## **HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**HANDLING STORAGE** 

Wear appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8). Do not get, in eyes. Avoid contact with skin or clothing

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area.

### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respirator: In conditions where high concentrations of vapors are present or exposure limits are exceeded, wear a respirator that has been selected by technically qualified

person for the specific work conditions.

Eye Protection: Wear approved safety goggles.

Gloves: Neoprene.

Clothing: Wear long-sleeved clothing. Use rubber apron. Use

rubber boots.

Other: Eye wash; safety shower.

### **PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

State	Liquid	Vapor Density (Air = 1)	0.6
Color	Clear	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/D
Odor	Slight sulfur dioxide	pH	2.15
Melting Point °F	N/A		5.1 (w
Boiling Point °F	> 212		fixer)

Water Solubility . . . . . . Soluble Solubility in other liquids ...... N/D

Specific Gravity @ 25 °F . . . . . . . . 1.158

5.1 (when mixed with

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Stable Sulfur dioxide, sulfur trioxide, sulfuric acid vapor/mist

INCOMPATIBILITIES CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Alkaline materials, strong oxidizers, metals, organic materials

and cyanide containing materials.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1 hr. Inhalation LC<sub>50</sub> Mouse: 5260 ppm

Oral LD $_{50}$  Rat: 3310 mg/kg Dermal LD $_{50}$  Rabbit: 1060  $\mu$ L/kg

For Aluminum sulfate:

For Acetic acid:

Oral LD<sub>50</sub> Mouse: 6207 mg/kg

The product is not a skin irritant. The primary dermal irritation score was 0.54 following a 4-hour occluded dermal exposure in a modified FHSA/CPSC Design, 16 CFR 1500.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** For Aluminum sulfate:

For Acetic acid:  $LC_{50}$  (12-96 hr) goldfish: 100 mg/l

LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) fathead minnow: 88 mg/L. Conditions:

Static, 18-22 °C.

 $LC_{50}$  (96 hr) bluegill sunfish: 75 mg/L.  $LC_{50}$  (24 hr) goldfish: 423 mg/L.

 $\rm EC_{50}$  (5, 15, 25 min) Photobacterium phosphoreum: 8.86-11 mg/L Microtox test. Conditions: 15  $^{\circ}\rm C.$ 

EC<sub>50</sub> (24-48 hr) water flea: 32-47 mg/l

**ENVIRONMENTAL MOVEMENT AND PARTITIONING** 

None known

Excessive heat

**ENVIRONMENTAL FATE** 

None known

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

For product as sold: For product as used:

RCRA Waste Code: ...... D001. RCRA Waste Code: ...... Not regulated.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

For 4 L and 1 L containers:

DOT Proper Shipping Name: ..... Consumer commodity

DOT Hazard Class ORM-D
DOT I.D. Number N/A

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200)

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✓ Hazardous
 \_ Non-Hazardous

CERCLA/SUPERFUND (40 CFR 117, 302)

Acetic acid; reportable quantity - 5,000 lbs.

Aluminum sulfate; reportable quantity - 5,000 lbs.

### N/A N/A **SARA HAZARD CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370) INVENTORY STATUS** Acute ✓ Chronic \_ Fire All ingredients of this product are on the TSCA inventory \_ Pressure \_ Reactive \_ None **STATE REGULATIONS SARA TOXIC CHEMICALS (40 CFR 372)** Florida Hazardous Substance List ... Acetic acid N/A Massachusetts Right To Know List . . . Acetic acid and aluminum sulfate Minnesota Hazardous Substance List. Acetic acid New Jersey Right To Know List ..... Acetic acid and aluminum sulfate **OTHER INFORMATION** 16. **NFPA RATING** NAERG - North American Emergency Response Guidebook RQ - Reportable Quantity Health 3 TPQ - Threshold Planning Quantity Fire 1 Reactivity 0 PREPARATION INFORMATION **ABBREVIATIONS** Prepared by: Sprint Systems of Photography, Inc. Date Revised: June 21, 2000 C - Ceiling limit Replaces: January 13, 2000 N/A - Not applicable

**TSCA CHEMICAL SPECIFIC RULES** 

**REVISION INFORMATION** 

dermal irritation study.

Sections 3, 4, 6, 7, 11 and 16 were updated to reflect results of a

**SARA EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 355)** 

N/D - Not determined

N/E - Not established N/K - Not known